Plan for School-Based Planning and Shared Decision-Making

2018-2020
Vestal Central Schools

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Assistant Principals:
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Vestal Middle School/Vestal High School ............................................... Melissa Williams
Vestal High School ...................................................................................... Deborah Caddick
Vestal High School ...................................................................................... Dawn Young
Vestal High School ...................................................................................... Andrew Blaine

Coordinators:
Coordinator of Instruction ........................................................................ Dodie J. Ainslie
Coordinator of Instruction ........................................................................ Patrick J. Clarke
District Planning Group: 2017-2018

Superintendent of Schools.................................................................Jeffrey Ahearn
Assistant Superintendent for Instruction...........................................Laura Lamash, EdD
Board of Education representative...................................................Tony Turnbull
Board of Education representative (alternate).................................Jerry Etingoff
African Road Building Planning Team representatives .............Melissa Bigney, Ruth Fitzgerald, Meghan Stenta
Clayton Avenue Building Planning Team representative..........Jodi Fendick, Brad Bruce
Glenwood Building Planning Team representative...............Stephanie Mitsakos, Doreen McSain
Tioga Hills Building Planning Team representative...............Susan Nunes, Hayley Crimmins
Vestal Hills Building Planning Team representative...........Patricia Giovannone, Therese Mastro
Vestal Middle School Building Planning Team representative.....Sonya Skinner, Ann Loose
Vestal Senior High Building Planning Team representative.......Sue Darpino, Clifford Kasson
Association of Vestal School Paraprofessionals............................Ruth Fitzgerald
Vestal Administrators Association representative....................Dodie Ainslie
Vestal Teachers Association representative..............................Jodi Fendick
Parent – Vestal District Council.........................................................Amy McDonald

Vestal Central School District
Plan for School-Based Planning and Shared Decision-Making

2018 to 2020

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Mission Statement

The Vestal Central School District believes each student is unique and can learn. The District’s mission is to provide instruction, programs, strategies and challenges in a caring, positive learning environment. Each student will become a critical thinker, a lifelong learner, and a responsible, contributing citizen in a changing global society. The Board of Education, staff, parents, students and community share a commitment to this mission.

District Goals

Challenge all Vestal students to meet ever-increasing standards of excellence in preparation for participation in the global society.

Support students’ efforts to learn and grow by assuring all a positive educational environment.

Foster community pride in the Vestal schools by communicating openly and effectively about our students and the school program.

Invest fiscal resources responsibly and effectively to accomplish the District’s mission.

International Baccalaureate: Mission Statement

The International Baccalaureate aims to develop inquiring, knowledgeable and caring young people who help to create a better and more peaceful world through intercultural understanding and respect. To this end the organization works with schools, governments and international organizations to develop challenging programmes of international education and rigorous assessment. These programmes encourage students across the world to become active, compassionate and lifelong learners who understand that other people, with their differences, can also be right.
I. Involvement of Stakeholders in Building Planning Teams and the District Planning Group

This plan outlines strategic planning for continuous improvement unique to the Vestal district; a process that supports our district’s commitment to a dynamic model of decision making based on the district’s mission, shared values and established beliefs about authentic, enduring learning and teaching. As an International Baccalaureate district, the IB mission statement also influences the district’s aspirations and strategic planning.

In 1994, CR 100.11 was put into practice requiring all school districts to provide for the participation of parents and teachers in school-based planning and shared decision-making for the following purpose: “...to improve the educational performance of all students in the school, regardless of such factors as socioeconomic status, race, sex, language background or disability.” In 2015, the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) sets the stage for local control and stronger family-community partnerships. This proposal formalizes the processes our district has in place for authentic shared decision making to ensure the participation of all stakeholders in the ongoing development of our district’s instructional model and vision.

Shared decision making has at is core the involvement of all stakeholders in the growth and development of the educational community. To this end, a successful shared decision making allows for multiple perspectives to be represented in a climate of mutual respect and appreciation, unified by the shared goal, the advancement of the district’s P-12 educational program and the academic achievement of all our students.

The District Planning Group (DPG) is important as a source of feedback and communication between the Building Planning Teams, the Assistant Superintendent for Instruction and the Superintendent. Information shared by the BPT representatives is important to shaping district level initiatives that are responsive and relevant. At the same time, the representatives have the responsibility of keeping their building planning teams informed of the initiatives throughout the district. In this way, the District Planning Group allows for the flow of information among the districts’ many stakeholders with the purpose of building capacity and collaboration.

The shared decision-making process in Vestal adheres to these guidelines through the activities of the Building Planning Teams (BPT) that meet regularly (2-4 times per year) and the District Planning Group (DPG) that meets annually. The following lists outline the stakeholders who are essential to the shared decision-making process:

The District Planning Group (DPG), consists of:

Parents .............................................................................................................................................................. 1-3
President/designee - Vestal Schools Paraprofessionals' Association ................................................................. 1
President/designee - Vestal Employees' Association ............................................................................................ 1
President/designee - Vestal Administrators' Association ...................................................................................... 1
President/designee - Vestal Teachers’ Association ............................................................................................. 1
Teachers/Building Representatives .................................................................................................................... 7
Superintendent/designee ..................................................................................................................................... 1
Assistant Superintendent for Instruction ............................................................................................................. 1
Board of Education Representative .................................................................................................................... 1
Coordinators of Instruction ............................................................................................................................... 2

The composition of the seven (7) site-based, shared decision-making groups called Building Planning Teams (BPT) is as follows:

The teams vary, but a suggested guideline for membership includes:
II. Areas of Focus for the Improvement of Educational Performance Through Shared Decision-Making at the Building Level

The purpose of school-based planning and shared decision-making is to improve the educational performance of all students regardless of such factors as socioeconomic status, race, sex, language background, or disability. The District Planning Group (DPG) is charged with developing and adopting a district plan for the participation by teachers and parents with administrators and school board members in school based planning and shared-decision-making. (100.11)

The following criteria can be used to evaluate the topics, issues, and initiatives to be addressed by the Building Planning Team:

1. The improvement of instruction and student learning in the context of the following frameworks:
   - District’s stated mission, vision, and goals
   - Instructional program goals
   - New York State learning standards
   - National learning standards
   - VCSD professional development initiatives and priorities
   - Vestal Early Literacy Initiative (VELP)

2. The establishment of building level inquiry projects following the district developed Action Inquiry Model (AIM):
   - Defining a focus
   - Developing a Context and Identifying an Inquiry Question
   - Collecting and Analyzing Data
   - Designing and Implementing an Action Inquiry

3. The recognition that school climate and culture has a “profound impact” on student achievement and teacher efficacy. School climate can be defined as, “the quality and character of school life. It may be based on patterns of student, parent, and school personnel experiences within the school and reflects norms, goals, values, interpersonal relationships, teaching and learning practices, and organizational structures” (*NYS Dignity for All Students Act: A Resource and Promising Practices Guide*, p. 9).

4. The celebration, support, and integration of all stakeholders in the school and district’s educational mission and program including but not limited to:
   - Family involvement
   - Community resources
   - Community, civic, and social organizations
III. Areas Not Subject to Shared Decision-Making

The following areas are not subject to shared decision making by the Building Planning Teams or District Planning Group:

- issues relating to law, rule or regulation
- health issues
- safety issues
- ethical issues
- civil rights issues
- issues covered by the negotiated agreements unless there is a sign-off by all parties such as length of school day, salary or compensation policies, or personnel matters
- issues requiring financial resources in excess of the amount approved by the Board of Education
- issues affecting other buildings

IV. Responsibilities and Roles of Participants in the Shared Decision Making Process

The Extent of the Involvement of the District Planning Group

The District Planning Group provides and essential forum for the ongoing support of a P-12 instructional model that provides all students with a challenging, coherent, and affirming academic and social experience. To this end, the District Planning Group serves as the point of collaboration among the seven buildings and district stakeholders to accomplish the following:

- Facilitate, support and encourage the use of shared decision-making with stakeholders and site-based teams.
- Refine and strengthen a coherent P-12 vision for student success that integrates academic and social-emotional development.
- Meet regularly to assure that the following are the basis for curriculum and instructional planning:
  - District’s stated mission, vision, and priorities
  - Implementation of New York State Standards and related curriculum
  - VCSD professional development initiatives
  - Vestal Early Literacy Initiative (VELP)
- Foster continuous feedback, communication, and sharing among all stakeholders.
- Deal with issues that are broader than individual building issues (example: a District-wide Curriculum Review Model)
- Celebrate Successes!

The Extent of Involvement of the Building Planning Teams

Building planning teams are essential to operationalizing the district priorities in a way that affirms and celebrates the unique characteristics and cultures of each school and the community it serves. To this end, Building Planning Teams act to:

- Implement the shared decision-making process through the use of consensus
- Develop an action inquiry model to pursue topics and themes related to the following:
  - District’s stated mission, vision, and priorities
  - Implementation of New York State Standards and related curriculum
  - VCSD professional development initiatives
  - Vestal Early Literacy Initiative (VELP)
• Establish task force committees and procedures for those groups to reach their goals
• Create and facilitate a communication network with all their stakeholders
• Use current research and data to improve instruction and student achievement
• Celebrate Accomplishments!

The Extent of Involvement of Individual Team Members
Individual participants in the Building Planning Team and District Planning Group serve an essential role in maintaining the focus and momentum of the P-12 program. They serve the committees through their commitment to:
• Attend regularly
• Participate in team deliberations and decisions-using consensus
• Support team decisions
• Seek information actively from constituent groups and be well informed
• Communicate with stakeholders regarding issues and decisions
• Encourage and support stakeholders

III. District Priorities

A. Rationale
Beginning in 2013, the district strategic planning transitioned from using an action plan with five year goals to the development of annual priorities. The rationale for this change was as follows:
The intensification of state mandates related to curriculum, assessment, and accountability, needed a more dynamic and responsive model that was process driven rather than goal driven. To this end, the outcomes for all curriculum and professional initiatives should be the steady improvement of student academic achievement. But for this to happen requires that a multiple set of factors be attended to simultaneously:
  o Student engagement: How are social, emotional and environmental factors impacting students’ ability to access curriculum and instruction?
  o Teacher experience with new and existing curriculum and instructional models: The amount of time a teacher and principal have becoming knowledgeable in curriculum must be taken into account for long-term planning. Professional learning takes years.
  o “Age” of initiative: We know that coherence of curriculum and instruction requires multiple years for it to impact student performance; students must have prolonged exposure to a new initiative over multiple years.
  o Professional and curriculum development: There needs to be ongoing and integrated support of teachers and principals over multiple years in order for initiatives to be learned, understood, and eventually, integrated within our district and school cultures.
  o K-12, grade level, and course alignment: In order to ensure that curriculum is both coherent and integrated, the priorities allow for understanding how initiatives and activities contribute to a K-12 alignment.

At the same time, our district and all districts must be flexible and adaptive in responding to state and federal mandates, changing policy requirements, and social and economic trends.

B. Development and Feedback
District Priorities began in 2013 as a list of all current initiatives. Each year, initiatives are either carried forward or removed from the list. In this way, we can monitor the progression of an initiative from year to year.
• The list is comprehensive. This is to ensure that while we may not be actively focusing on an item, we do not lose sight of it in the broad long range plan.
- The list is flexible and designed to guide short-term and long-range planning and related activity and events that need to happen.
- The list promotes an integrated approach to curriculum and professional development.
- The list is a compilation by the professional development team of feedback from all district stakeholders and many different stakeholder groups:
  - Committees: Professional Development Committee, RTI (District and Building)
  - Departments
  - Building Planning Teams and District Planning Group
  - Board of Education
  - Technology advisory committees
  - Building and district administration
- The list is responsive to feedback and data from multiple sources:
  - Discussions, surveys and evaluations conducted during workshops
  - Collaborative team planning summaries from early release day activities

C. K-12 Vision

Moving forward, we need to grow and sustain strong connections between the district priorities, the district planning group and the building planning teams. The Vestal district recognizes that each building is unique in its culture. What unites all buildings are the priorities and a commitment to a K-12 vision for student growth and development.

What is the power of a K-12 vision? Our district recognizes that there is a difference between a student's experience of schooling and a teacher's experience of school.
Teachers have multiple years to work with a set curriculum. To this end, planning must take into account the evolution of a teacher’s relationship to his/her content and methods.

Students have one year or one semester, at which point they transition to another layer of curriculum. What is often overlooked is that not only does curriculum change for the student, but its presentation. Each year, while students may be studying writing or math, they must adapt to different teaching methods, language, expectations, and models.

The extent to which our faculty can work together to coordinate curriculum and instruction to bring K-12 alignment to a student’s experience, will provide students with coherent opportunities to learn, practice, apply and master essential skills and content.

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Student</td>
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<tr>
<td>Continuous</td>
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<tr>
<td>Teacher</td>
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<tr>
<td>K – K – K – K ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teacher</td>
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<td>1 – 1 – 1 – 1 ...</td>
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<tr>
<td>Teacher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 – 6 – 6 – 6 ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teacher</td>
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<tr>
<td>9 – 9 – 9 – 9 ...</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discrete</td>
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</table>

This chart expresses the qualitative difference between a student’s experience of school over 13 years and a teacher’s experience. A teacher’s experience is “discrete”; he/she repeats a grade level. Because a student progresses through the grades, they do not have repeated exposure to prior models/concepts/content. It is for this reason that vertical alignment is important.

IV. Vestal Central School District Action Inquiry Model

In order to establish stronger connections between (1) the building planning team, (2) the district planning group, and (3) the district annual process of establish short and long-term priorities for curriculum, instruction, and professional and youth development, our district will adopt an approach to building level planning based on the action research model which we will call the Action Inquiry Model.

The action inquiry model is adapted from action research models expressed in Richard Sager’s, Guiding School Improvement with Action Research¹ and Eileen Ferrance’s Action Research². The action inquiry model is designed to support the transition of building planning teams to a structure of planning and acting aligned to the district priorities. This proposed action inquiry model should be refined after two cycles of implementation to ensure it is responsive at the building and district level. The action inquiry model differs from Sager and Ferrance’s approach in following ways:

- It is focus driven rather than problem driven to reflect a strength based, asset driven approach.

The inquiry cycle is expressed through four (rather than six) stages to provide a more flexible structure and a context for integrating data analysis.

It is culture and experience driven; the role of data is to inform practice and the focus areas. This reflects a different approach to education decision-making that relies on professional judgment that is context dependent:

“Evidence-based [data-driven] practice provides a framework for understanding the role of research in educational practice that not only restricts the scope of decision making to question about effectivity and effectiveness but also restricts the opportunities of participation in educational decision making... the means we use in education are not neutral with respect to the ends we wish to achieve...education is at heart a moral practice more than a technological enterprise.”

Importantly, the action inquiry model is not “driven” by data, but informed by data. What this means is that the framing of the focus and the inquiry question may be drawn from experiential and professional judgements that as yet, are not expressed through data. Data collection may actually be the focus of an inquiry for a building team – the need to know more, understand more. To this end, the action inquiry model encourages the use of varied forms of data throughout the process, but allows the building planning teams to make determinations about its role.

1. Defining a Focus
Each school is unique deriving its identity from a culture shaped by its teachers, staff, families, students, community, history, and building principal. What unifies our seven buildings are shared values framed by:

- Our district vision and mission
- The Vestal school board and Vestal community
- Long standing history, traditions, and commitment to excellence
- Annual priorities, initiatives, and focus that bring district practices into alignment with federal and state mandates
- Feedback from all district stakeholders express through building and district level committees, organizations, and workshops.

The selection of an annual focus requires the team to:

a. Evaluate their prior actions (or action inquiry) by comparing anticipated and actual outcomes based on feedback and relevant qualitative and quantitative data.
b. Review the district priorities;
c. Relate prior actions and annual district priorities to themes, interests, and concerns of relevance at the building level.

While a single outcome may be attached to this focus, attention must be given to the process and to the realization that a specific action inquiry may yield multiple results. To this end, in selecting a focus, a team is encouraged to identify multiple potential outcomes as well as the intentional outcome.

2. Developing a Context and Identifying an Inquiry Question
Sagor refers to stage as “clarifying theories.” There are several steps to this process:

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a. In our field, we bring many implicit assumptions and beliefs to the decisions we make. These are not arbitrary, but based on years of personal, professional, and collective experience. Once a focus has been selected, the team should generate and document (through charts, brainstorming) their local “knowledge” and understanding around this focus.

b. The next step is to use this document to (1) develop a clarifying question to guide the focus inquiry and (2) understanding questions that identify areas the team should research or study more to corroborate the assumptions or beliefs framing the focus inquiry.

3. Collecting and Analyzing Data

In Vestal’s action inquiry model, there is underlying respect for the experience, observations, and implicit understandings that educators and stakeholders rely on daily for making professional decisions. The district model of Data Informed Practice underscores that data should inform decisions and practices, rather than “drive” them. To this end, the building planning team considers what data currently exists to support their assumptions and beliefs, and what data should and/or could be gathered to challenge, test, or further affirm such assumptions and beliefs.

- What stories does the data tell?
- Are there parts of the story missing?
- Is it the story we want to hear?

Data is broadly interested to include multiple sources that are quantitative and qualitative and range broadly from “global” to individual assessments:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Qualitative</th>
<th>Quantitative</th>
<th>Mixed</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td>STAR Assessments</td>
<td>Teacher developed assignments, assessments.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student work:</td>
<td>3-8 NYS Assessments</td>
<td>Benchmark, department assessments.</td>
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<tr>
<td>writing, portfolios, projects.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Surveys (formal and informal), logs, interviews, focus groups</td>
<td>Regents Exams</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Anecdotal observations and documentation</td>
<td>IB/AP/PLTW Assessments</td>
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</table>
1. Defining a Focus
   a. Evaluate their prior actions (action inquiry) by comparing anticipated and actual outcomes based on qualitative and quantitative data and feedback.
   b. Review the district priorities;
   c. Relate prior actions and annual district priorities to themes, interests, and concerns of relevance at the building level.

2. Developing a Context and Identifying an Inquiry Question
   a. Team generates and documents (through charts, brainstorming) their local “knowledge” and understanding around this focus;
   b. Team develops a clarifying question to guide the focus inquiry;
   c. Team develops supporting questions that identify areas requiring research or to corroborate the assumptions or beliefs framing the focus inquiry.

3. Collecting and Analyzing Data
   - What stories does the data tell?
   - Are there parts of the story missing?
   - Is it the story we want to hear?
V. The Process by which Disputes About Educational Issues Will Be Resolved

The Vestal Central School District is committed to the process of consensus as a means to resolve disputes and differences related to decisions.

If a team is unable to arrive at consensus, it may elect to use any of the following:

- Consult other teams
- Consider bringing in an outside consultant, facilitator or fact finder
- Assign a subcommittee to study the issues
- Set aside issue or postpone making a decision and revisit at later time
- Return to stakeholders to check if their ideas are being represented

If a team cannot achieve consensus at the building level, then the District Planning Group may provide a mediation team or facilitator to resolve the dispute or difference.

If consensus is still not achieved, the Building Planning Team (BPT) will present its decision process to the District Planning Group who will agree by consensus to a resolution.

*In all cases, no decision may be made that is contrary to school policy, state and federal law, or negotiated contracts.*
Appendix A: Employee Associations

Vestal Administrators’ Association: Administrative and Supervisory Unit, represented by the Vestal Administrators’ Association, which shall include:

a. Building Principals  
b. Assistant Secondary Principals  
c. Director of Physical Education and Athletics  
d. Director of Support Services  
e. Director/Assistant Director of Special Education  
f. Coordinators  
g. Psychologists  
h. Supervisor of Transportation  
i. Supervisor (Director) Facilities and Operations

Vestal Employees’ Association: Operations and Service Unit, represented by the Vestal Employees’ Association, which shall include:

1. Office Personnel  
a. Payroll Clerks  
b. Senior Account Clerks  
c. Account Clerks  
d. Stenographers  
e. Senior Typists  
f. Typists  

2. Receiving Personnel  
a. Senior Stores Clerks  
b. Stores Clerks

3. School Lunch Personnel  
a. Cook Managers  
b. Cooks  
c. Food Service Helpers  

4. Building and Grounds  
a. Building Maintenance Workers  
b. Groundskeepers  
c. Matrons  
d. Cleaners  
e. Custodians  
f. Head Custodians  
g. Duplicating Machine Operators  

5. Transportation  
a. Bus Drivers  
b. Bus Driver Substitutes  
c. Head Mechanics  
d. Mechanics  
e. Bus Monitors

Vestal Paraprofessionals’ Association: Paraprofessional Unit, represented by the Association of Vestal Schools Paraprofessionals, which shall include teacher aides and monitors.

Vestal Teachers’ Association: Teaching Unit, represented by the Vestal Teachers’ Association, which shall include teaching personnel, both full and part-time:

a. Classroom Teachers  
b. Guidance Counselors  
c. School Nurse Teachers  
d. Librarians  
e. Special Subject Teachers  
f. Special Education Teachers  
g. Permanent Substitutes  
h. Teaching Assistants
Appendix B: Commissioner's Regulation 100.11 (Participation of parents and teachers in school-based planning and shared decision-making).

Disclaimer   Current through December 31, 2009

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a.</td>
<td><strong>Purpose</strong></td>
<td>d.</td>
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<td>b.</td>
<td><strong>District plan</strong></td>
<td>e.</td>
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<td>c.</td>
<td><strong>Specifications of plan</strong></td>
<td>f.</td>
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<td>g.</td>
<td><strong>Excellence and accountability pilot district program</strong></td>
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### 100.11 Participation of parents and teachers in school-based planning and shared decision-making.

a. **Purpose.** The purpose of school-based planning and shared decision making shall be to improve the educational performance of all students in the school, regardless of such factors as socioeconomic status, race, sex, language background, or disability.

b. **By February 1, 1994,** each public school district board of education and each board of cooperative educational services (BOCES) shall develop and adopt a district plan for the participation by teachers and parents with administrators and school board members in school-based planning and shared decision-making. Such district plan shall be developed in collaboration with a committee composed of the superintendent of schools, administrators selected by the district's administrative bargaining organization(s), teachers selected by the teachers’ collective bargaining organization(s), and parents (not employed by the district or a collective bargaining organization representing teachers or administrators in the district) selected by school-related parent organizations, provided that those portions of the district plan that provide for participation of teachers or administrators in school-based planning and shared decision-making may be developed through collective negotiations between the board of education or BOCES and local collective bargaining organizations representing administrators and teachers. In the City School District of the City of New York, the superintendent of each community school district, of each district that reports directly to the chancellor and of each high school superintendency shall develop such district plan in collaboration with a committee composed of administrators selected by the district's administrative bargaining organization(s), teachers selected by the teachers' collective bargaining organization(s), and parents (not employed by the district or a collective bargaining organization representing teachers or administrators in the district) selected by school-related parent organizations. Members of community school boards may be members of such committees. For the purpose of this subdivision, school-related parent organization means a nonprofit organization of parents of children attending the schools of the school district whose purposes include the promotion of parental involvement in public education and that is chartered or incorporated under the laws of New York, or is affiliated with a statewide or regional parent organization that is so chartered or incorporated or is an unincorporated association authorized to do business under an assumed name in New York. In districts in which teachers or administrators are not represented by a collective bargaining organization or there are no school-related parent organizations, teachers, administrators and/or parents shall be selected by their peers in the manner prescribed by the board of education or BOCES to participate in the development of such district plan. In the City School District of the City of New York, the superintendent of each community school district, of each district that reports directly to the chancellor and of each high school superintendency shall develop a plan in the manner prescribed by this subdivision, and each such plan shall be incorporated into a plan by the central board of education, which plan shall comply with this section.

c. The plan for participation in school-based planning and shared decision-making shall specify:
1. the educational issues which will be subject to cooperative planning and shared decision-making at the building level by teachers, parents, administrators, and, at the discretion of the board of education or BOCES, other parties such as students, school district support staff, and community members;

2. the manner and extent of the expected involvement of all parties;

3. the means and standards by which all parties shall evaluate improvement in student achievement;

4. the means by which all parties will be held accountable for the decisions which they share in making;

5. the process whereby disputes presented by the participating parties about the educational issues being decided upon will be resolved at the local level; and

6. the manner in which all State and Federal requirements for the involvement of parents in planning and decision-making will be coordinated with and met by the overall plan.

d. The district's plan shall be adopted by the board of education or BOCES at a public meeting after consultation with and full participation by the designated representatives of the administrators, teachers, and parents, and after seeking endorsement of the plan by such designated representatives. In the city school district of the City of New York, each plan shall be approved by the superintendent pursuant to subdivision (b) of this section after consultation with and full participation by the designated representatives of the administrators, teachers and parents, and after consultation with the members of the board of education of the community school district, and after seeking endorsement of the plan by such designated representatives. The plan shall be made available to the public. Each board of education or BOCES shall file such plan with the district superintendent or, in the case of city school districts having a population of 125,000 inhabitants or more or a BOCES, with the commissioner within 30 days of adoption.

2. Each board of education or BOCES shall submit its district plan to the commissioner for approval within 30 days of adoption of the plan. The commissioner shall approve such district plan upon a finding that it complies with the requirements of this section and makes provision for effective participation of parents, teachers, and administrators in school-based planning and decision-making.

e. In the event that the board of education or BOCES fails to provide for consultation with, and full participation of, all parties in the development of the plan as required by subdivisions (b) and (d) of this section, the aggrieved party or parties may commence an appeal to the commissioner pursuant to section 310 of the Education Law. Such an appeal may be instituted prior to final adoption of the district plan and shall be instituted no later than 30 days after final adoption of the district plan by the board of education or BOCES.

2. Any aggrieved party who participated in the development of the district plan may also appeal to the commissioner pursuant to section 310 of the Education Law from action of the board of education or BOCES in adopting, amending, or recertifying the plan. The grounds for such an appeal may include, but shall not be limited to, noncompliance with any requirement of subdivision (c) of this section and failure to provide within the district plan for meaningful participation in school-based planning and shared decision-making within the intent of this section.

f. The district's "Plan for the Participation by Teachers and Parents in School-Based Planning and Shared Decision-making" shall be reviewed biennially by the board of education or BOCES in accordance with
subdivision (b) of this section. Any amendment or recertification of a plan shall be developed and adopted in the manner prescribed by subdivision (b) and paragraphs (d) (1) and (2) of this section. The amended plan or a recertification of the previous plan, together with a statement of the plan’s success in achieving its objectives, shall be filed with the district superintendent where applicable, and submitted to the commissioner for approval no later than February 1st of each year in which such biennial review takes place, commencing with February 1, 1996, except that in the City School District of the city of New York, the central board of education shall submit any biennial review required during the 1999-2000 school year by September 1, 2000.

g. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions (b) through (f) of this section, where a district has implemented a plan for participation in school-based planning and shared decision-making as of February 1, 1994 through its excellence and accountability pilot district program, such district shall not be required to develop a new district plan pursuant to this section.

h. A school district or BOCES which has developed or implemented a plan for participation of teachers and/or administrators in school-based decision-making as the result of a collective bargaining agreement between the board of education or BOCES and local collective bargaining organizations representing teachers and/or administrators shall incorporate such negotiated plan as a part of the district plan required by this section. The board of education or BOCES shall develop the remainder of the district plan, including the portion relating to parental involvement, in the manner prescribed by subdivision (b) of this section.